Curriculum Overview 2017-2018 Literacy – Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

YEAR AT A GLANCE							
<u>1-1</u>	<u>1</u> -	· <u>2/2-1</u>	<u>2-2</u>	<u>3-1</u>	3-2	<u> 4-1</u>	<u>4-2</u>
Our World:	P	Plants	Animals	Day & Night	How Thir	igs Move	Economics
Observing Objects	W	eather	Chronological Order:	Geography	Opi	nion	Narrative
Citizenship; Rules & Laws	In	nf/Exp	Past/Present	Inf/Exp			
Narrative			Opinion				
Suggested: 25-35 days Suggested: 25-3		d: 25-35 days	Suggested: 25-35 days	Suggested: 25-35 days	Suggested:	25-35 days	Suggested: 25-35 days
Quarter 1 – 45 Days		Qua	arter 2 – 45 Days	Quarter 3 – 45 D	ays	Qu	arter 4 – 45 Days

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the Literacy – Kindergarten LAFS Aligned Learning Goals

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the Literacy – Kindergarten Curriculum Overview

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the Literacy – Kindergarten ELA Standards for Excellence

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Academic Plan 2017-2018

Literacy - Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Concept 1-1 Quarter 1 Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

Concept Description: Concept 1-1: *Our World*

By the end of this Concept students should master three of four sub-standards within the Print Concepts cluster, with the fourth standard (RF.1b) being mastered by the end of the Concept 3-3.

mastered by the end of the Concept 3-3.	
Stan	dards
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards
LAFS.K.RF.1.1d Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet. LAFS.K.RF.2.2a Recognize and produce rhyming words. LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does). LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	SC.K.N.1.1 Collaborate with a partner to collect information. SC.K.N.1.2 Make observations of the natural world and know that they are descriptors collected using the five senses. SC.K.N.1.3 Keep records as appropriate – such as pictorial records – of investigations conducted. SC.K.N.1.5 Recognize that learning can come from careful observation. SC.K.P.8.1 Sort objects by observable properties, such as size, shape, color, temperature (hot or cold), weight (heavy or light) and texture.
LAFS.K.RI.1.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. LAFS.K.RI.2.5 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book. LAFS.K.RI.2.6 With prompting and support, identify the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text. LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and	SC.K.P.9.1 Recognize that the shape of materials such as paper and clay can be changed by cutting, tearing, crumpling, smashing or rolling. SC.K.L.14.1 Recognize the 5 senses and reacted body parts. HE.K.C.2.4 Explain the importance of rules to maintain health. Remarks/Examples: Walk don't run, wait your turn, keep your hands and feet to yourself, and play
LAFS.K.RL.1.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. LAFS.K.RL.2.5 Recognize common types of text (e.g., storybooks, poems). LAFS.K.RL.2.6 With prompting and support, identify the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story. LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	fair. SS.K.C.1.1 Define and give examples of rules and laws, and why they are important. Remarks/Examples: Examples are standing in line at school and wearing a bike helmet. SS.K.C.1.2 Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and laws at home, school, and community. Remarks/Examples: Examples are attending school and wearing a seat belt. SS.K.C.2.1 Demonstrate the characteristics of being a good citizen. Remarks/Examples: Examples are taking turns, sharing, taking responsibility, following rules, understanding the consequences of breaking rules, practicing honesty, self-control, and participating in classroom decision making. SS.K.C.2.2 Demonstrate that conflicts among friends can be resolved in ways that are consistent with being a good citizen.
LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	SS.K.C.2.3 Describe fair ways for groups to make decisions. Remarks/Examples: Examples are voting, taking turns, and coming to an agreement. SS.K.A.1.2 Develop an awareness of a primary source

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LAFS.K.W.1.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.

LAFS.K.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

LAFS.K.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.K.L.1.1.a Print many upper- and lowercase letters.

LAFS.K.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holidays as a way of remembering and honoring people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.

Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, federal holidays and ethnic celebrations

SS.K.A.2.5 Recognize the importance of U.S. symbols

Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, the Statue of Liberty, the bald eagle, the Star Spangled Banner, and national and state flags, the pledge of allegiance, and the national anthem.

Big Idea

Our World						
Essential Outcome Questions						
Science	Social Studies					
How can you use paper clips to measure how long objects are? What happens when you put different objects on a balance? How can you sort objects by what they are made of?	Why are rules and laws im Why are rules and laws r What makes a good cit How do good citizens solve How do groups make fair o Why are celebrations and national h	needed? cizen? problems? decisions?				
Although the color	D	Classics Co.				

Aligned Learning Goals		Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for
			Click HERE for Additional Resources	Differentiation
		Print Concepts: recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters		
:	Keading undational	Phonemic Awareness: rhyming words; syllables; initial sounds and sound discrimination; initial sounds; initial and final /m/; initial and final /t/	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
	Fo	Phonics: /m/ spelled <i>Mm</i> ; /t/ spelled <i>Tt</i>		
		High Frequency Words: I, am, the, little, a, to		
	al &	With prompting and support, answer questions	Reading Street,	
Reading	Informational Key Ideas & Details	about key details in a text.	Unit 1, Week 1-6	
	Ā X		National Geographic,	

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	1			
		Identify the front cover and back cover of a book.	Observing Objects	
			Florida Become an Expert Books:	
		With prompting and support, identify the author and	Objects at a Park	
	ıre	illustrator of a text.	Objects at a Fair	
	l Ctr		Objects at a Party	
	tru			
	8		Smart Center,	
	ĘĘ.		Cultures	
	Craft & Structure		Children of the World circular puzzle	
			·	
			Florida Joint Center for Citizenship,	
			FJCC lessons	
	1	SC.K.P.8.1		
		• select objects of the same shape (or color,		
		temperature, weight, or texture) and put them		
		together in a group;		
		• identify groups of objects that contain the same		
		sizes, shapes, temperatures, weights, or textures;		
		 describe which observable properties (shape, color, 		
		temperature, weight, or texture) all the objects in a		
		group share.	National Geographic,	
		SC.K.L.14.1	Observing Objects	
		• describe seeing, hearing, tasting, feeling (touch),	Florida Become an Expert Books:	
	ָנָה	and smelling;	Objects at a Park	
	Science	• identify eyes, ears, skin, the tongue, and the nose;	Objects at a Fair	
	SCIE	match eyes with seeing, ears with hearing, the	Objects at a Party	
,	• ,		Objects at a rarry	
		tongue with tasting, skin with feeling, and the nose		
		with smelling.	Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	
		SC.K.N.1.2	click <u>HERE</u> for science supplemental Materials	
		describe things from the natural world including, but not limited to animals, plants, the weather and		
		but not limited to, animals, plants, the weather and		
		climate, foods, and so on;		
		• use one or more of their five senses (sight, sound, smell, touch, and taste) to list the characteristics of		
		things found in the natural world;		
		use all five senses to describe a single object.		
		<u>SC.K.P.9.1</u>		

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	 explain how, when a person cuts (or tears or 		
	crumples) a piece of paper into different shapes, it is		
	still a piece of paper;		
	demonstrate how smashing a piece of clay (or similar		
	substance) only changes the shape of the material and		
	not the material itself;		
	identify different forms of a material as being the		
	same material (for example, matching ripped-up		
	pieces of paper to a full sheet).		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	· ·	Constitution Day & Freedom Week,	
	•	National Constitution Center	
	25".	National Education Association	
		<u>Scholastic</u>	
		<u>Kids.gov</u>	
	1		
	 Give examples of rules and laws 	Smart Center,	
	SS.K.C.1.2	Cultures	
	 Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and 	Children of the World circular puzzle	
	laws at home		
Š	 Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and 	Florida Joint Center for Citizenship,	
die	laws at school	<u>FJCC lessons</u>	
Stu	 Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and 		
<u>a</u>	laws in the community		
000	SS.K.C.2.1	Safari Montage,	
S	 Demonstrate the characteristics of being a good 	The Star-Spangled Banner	
	citizen	Statue of Liberty National Monument	
	 Explain what happens when rules are broken 	Washington, D.C.	
	<u>SS.K.C.2.2</u>	American Citizenship	
	 Demonstrate how friends can resolve conflicts as 	Exploring Communities: Rules & Laws	
	good citizens	School	
	SS.K.C.2.3	Betsy's Kindergarten Adventures	
	 Describe fair ways for groups to make decisions 	Daniel Tiger The Neighborhood: The Class Votes	
	SS.K.A.2.2	Bea's Own Good: Following Rules	
	,	Social Studies Supplemental Materials	
	Recognize the importance of U.S. symbols		
Social Studies	 Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and laws at home Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and laws at school Explain the purpose and necessity of rules and laws in the community SS.K.C.2.1 Demonstrate the characteristics of being a good citizen Explain what happens when rules are broken SS.K.C.2.2 Demonstrate how friends can resolve conflicts as good citizens SS.K.C.2.3 Describe fair ways for groups to make decisions SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holiday. SS.K.A.2.5 	National Constitution Center National Education Association Scholastic Kids.gov Smart Center, Cultures Children of the World circular puzzle Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, FJCC lessons Safari Montage, The Star-Spangled Banner Statue of Liberty National Monument Washington, D.C. American Citizenship Exploring Communities: Rules & Laws School Betsy's Kindergarten Adventures Daniel Tiger The Neighborhood: The Class Votes Bea's Own Good: Following Rules	

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		 Identify the Star Spangled Banner, pledge of allegiance, and the national anthem Identify the Statue of Liberty 	
iterature	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, answer questions about key details in a text.	Reading Street,
Reading Literature	Craft &	Recognize common types of text (e.g., storybooks, poems). With prompting and support, identify the author and	Unit 1, Week 1-6
		illustrator of a story. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).	
9	8	Confirms understandings of a text read aloud or information presenting orally or through other media by answering questions about key details.	
0 8	Speakiiig & Listeliiig	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help. Describe familiar people and places, and with	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design
3	adc	prompting and support provide additional detail. Add drawings to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	
		Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	
2014:14	8	Use a combination of drawing and dictating to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events.	Florida Standards Writing Guide
	-	Tell about the events in the order in which they occurred.	

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	Provide a reaction to what happened.		
	Conventions: say our names; write our names; what we look like; what we can do; nouns for people and animals; nouns for places and things		
Language	Oral Vocabulary: first, third, fifth, second, fourth, sixth, proud, cooperation, float, preparation, creation, guide, platypus, lost, market, around, found, groceries, bakery, park, library, fire station, post office, chaperone, signals, proper, perfect, dud, pirates, fabulous, scooping, squelching, spinning, swooshing, gobbling, rumbling	<u>Florida Standards Phonics Handbook</u>	
, i	<u>Vocabulary</u> : words for transportation; color words; words for shapes; location words; position words; words for sizes		
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) A and a, B and b; F and f, G and g, write words with Hh and Ii; O and o, P and p; T and t, U and u, V and v; M and m, write words with Mm; T and t, write words with Tt		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	September/October: Hispanic Heritage Month The first Hispanic Heritage Week was approved on September 15, 1968. The month gives people the opportunity to plan and participate in ceremonies and activities that recognize the contributions of the many diverse cultures within the Hispanic community. In 1988, the celebration was expanded to a month and goes from September 15 to October 15.		

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Concept 1-2/2-1 Quarter 1 and 2

Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy – Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

Concept Description:

Concept 1-2/2-1: Plants and Weather

Concept 1-2/2-1: Plants and Weather	
Stan	dards
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards
LAFS.K.RF.2.2d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.1 (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) LAFS.K.RF.3.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. LAFS.K.RF.3.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does). LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. LAFS.K.RI.1.3 With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text. LAFS.K.RI.2.5 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book. LAFS.K.RI.3.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts). LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	SC.K.N.1.4 Observe and create a visual representation of an object which includes its major features. SC.K.L.14.1 Recognize the 5 senses and reacted body parts. SC.K.L.14.2 Recognize that some books and other media portray animals and plants with characteristics and behaviors they do not have in real life. SC.K.L.14.3 Observe plants and animals, describe how they are alike and how they are different in the way they look and the things they do. SS.K.G.3.3 Describe and give examples of seasonal weather changes, and illustrate how weather affects people and their environment.
LAFS.K.RL.3.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts). LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	
LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	

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informatinform	W.1.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose ative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about a ation about the topic. W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from exinformation from provided sources to answer a question. L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English gramwriting or speaking. L.1.1.a Print many upper- and lowercase letters. L.1.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitation, and spelling when writing.	periences or nmar and usage calization,		
	Calanga	Big Ideas Social Studies		
	Science Plants are alike and different	Seasonal Weather Cha	anges	
	Trains are directing direction	Essential Outcome Questions	unges	
	Science	Social Studies		
How are living things different? How are plants different? How are roots of plants alike?		_	How does weather change as seasons change? How does weather affect people and the environment?	
	Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for	
			-	
		Click HERE for Additional Resources	Differentiation	
Reading	Phonemic Awareness: initial sounds: /a/, /s/, /p/; medial sounds: /a/; final sounds: /s/, /p/; initial sounds: /i/, /k/; medial sounds: /i/; final sounds: /k/ Phonics: /a/ spelled Aa; /s/ spelled Ss; /p/ spelled Pp; /k/ spelled Cc; /i/ spelled Ii High Frequency Words: have, is, we, my, like, we, my, like, he, for	Click HERE for Additional Resources Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	-	

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Craft & Structure	Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.	Plants on a Farm Plants in a Forest Florida Explore on Your Own Books: A Rainbow of Flowers Mmm! Different Trees Smart Center,	
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	With prompting and support, describe the illustrations in the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing in the text an illustration depicts).	Seasonal Weather Changes	
Science	• describe plants, including, but not limited to, their appearances and natural behaviors; • contrast differences between different kinds of plants, and plants and animals (for example, appearances, how they move, how they reproduce) • identify similarities among different kinds of plants and animals (for example, they make flowers, they have fur, they lay eggs). SC.K.L.14.2 • identify pictures, stories, and videos that portray plants the way they are in real life; • identify pictures, stories, and videos that portray plants in ways that are not true to life (e.g., plants that talk, plants that walk, etc.); • describe a plant as it appears in real life; • describe a plant with characteristics that would not appear in real life (e.g., it's a strange color, it goes to school). SC.K.N.1.4 • create a visual representation of the object (for example, in the form of a drawing, collage, or model) that reflects its major features; and	National Geographic, Plants Florida Become an Expert Books: Plants in a Flower Garden Plants on a Farm Plants in a Forest Florida Explore on Your Own Books: A Rainbow of Flowers Mmm! Different Trees Uncovering Student Ideas in Primary Science SC.K.L.14.2 Is It An Animal? Is It Living? Is It A Plant? Do They Need Air? SC.K.L.14.3 Senses Big And Small Seeds Seeds In A Bag Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	

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		select a visual representation that matches a		
		description of an object.		
Social Guidiae		 SS.K.G.3.3 Describe and give examples of changes in weather Describe and give examples of seasonal changes Illustrate how weather affects people Illustrate how weather affects the environment 	Smart Center, Seasonal Weather Changes Safari Montage, Powerful Weather What is weather? Peep: Stormy Weather Martha Speaks: Martha the Weather Dog All About Rain, Snow, Sleet, and Hail All About Climate and Seasons It's Cold Outside Summer Social Studies Supplemental Materials	
rature	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, identify characters and settings in a story.		
Reading Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	With prompting and support, describe the illustrations in the story in which they appear.	Reading Street, Unit 2, Week 1-6	
Speaking & Listening	אבמאווון א דוארבוווון	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). Confirm understandings of a text read aloud or information presenting orally or through other media by answering questions about key details. Ask and answer questions in order to seek help. Describe familiar people and places, and with prompting and support provide additional detail. Add drawings to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	

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	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and	
	ideas clearly.	
	informative/explanatory	
Writing	Use a combination of drawing and dictating to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about.	Florida Standards Writing Guide
	Supply some information about the topic.	
Language	Conventions: nouns for more than one; proper nouns; adjectives for colors and shapes; adjectives for sizes/ numbers; adjectives for opposites; adjectives Oral Vocabulary: seeds, buds, bloom, fruits, stem, petals, discover, spy, pod, nature, acorn, pattern, calf, cub, joey, grassland, pup, foal, sleep, cave, storm, winter, woods, blustery, nest, stump, hive, meadow, tree trunk, den, beanstalk, ogre, naughty, lad, magic, lend Vocabulary: color words; nature words; words for animal babies; words for seasons; sequence words; direction words Handwriting: (D'Nealian) A and a, write words with Aa; S and s, write words with Ss; P and p, write words with Pp; C and c, write words with Cc; I and i, write words with Ii; I and i, write words with Ii	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	October: National Disability Employment Awareness Month In 2003, previously known as National Employ the Handicapped Week, President George W. Bush proclaimed October as National Disability Employment Awareness Month. During this month, we recognize the many contributions citizens with disabilities make to our society, and we reaffirm our commitment to helping them achieve their full inclusion in our workforce.	

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Concept 2-2 Quarter 2

Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy – Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

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Concept 2-2: Animals and Families of the Past

Standards				
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards			
LAFS.K.RF.2.2d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in	SC.K.L.14.1 Recognize the five senses and related body parts.			
three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.1 (This does not include CVCs ending	SC.K.L.14.2 Recognize that some books and other media portray animals and plants with			
with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)	characteristics and behaviors they do not have in real life.			
LAFS.K.RF.3.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by	SC.K.L.14.3 Observe plants and animals, describe how they are alike and how they are different in			
producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.	the way they look and the things they do.			
LAFS.K.RF.3.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for				
the five major vowels.	SS.K.A.1.1 Develop an understanding of how to use and create a timeline.			
LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).	Remarks/Examples: May include, but are not limited to: Put in order three things that happened during the school day.			
LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	SS.K.A.1.2 Develop an awareness of a primary source.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, photographs, a letter from a			
LAFS.K.RI.1.2 With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	grandparent, or other artifacts.			
LAFS.K.RI.2.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a	SS.K.A.2.1 Compare children and families of today with those of the past.			
text.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, family life now versus family life			
LAFS.K.RI.3.9 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between	when grandparents were young.			
two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holidays as a way of			
LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	remembering and honoring people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, federal holidays and ethnic			
LAFS.K.RL.1.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.	celebrations.			
LAFS.K.RL.2.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a	SS.K.A.2.3 Compare our nation's holidays with holidays of other cultures.			
text.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, National holidays are different in			
LAFS.K.RL.3.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences	other countries.			
of characters in familiar stories.	SS.K.A.2.4 Listen to and retell stories about people in the past who have shown character ideals			
LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	and principles including honesty, courage, and responsibility.			
LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, Presidents, war veterans,			
support, provide additional detail.	community members, and leaders.			
Support, provide additional detail.	SS.K.A.3.1 Use words and phrases related to chronology and time to explain how things change and			
	to sequentially order events that have occurred in school.			

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LAFS.K.W.1.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is...).

LAFS.K.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

LAFS.K.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.K.L.1.1.a Print many upper- and lowercase letters.

LAFS.K.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, before, after; morning, afternoon, evening; today, tomorrow, yesterday; past, present, future; last week, this week, next week; day, week, month, year.

SS.K.A.3.2 Explain that calendars represent days of the week and months of the year.

Big Ideas				
Science		Social Studies		
Animals are alike and different		Families of the Pas	st	
	Essential Outco	ome Questions		
Science		Social Studies		
		What are timelines and how ar	re they used?	
		How are primary sources used to compare ch	nildren and families of today	
		to those of the pass	t?	
What can you observe about bird nests?		What is the importance of our nation's ethnic heritage?		
How can you sort animals?		Why is it important to honor people and events?		
What can you observe about feathers?		How can we compare our nation's holidays with holidays of other cultures?		
		What are character ideals and principles and how have people in the		
		past shown these tra	its?	
		How can we use words and phrases to explain h	now events change over time?	
Aliana di Lagratica Capla		Danassina	Chushasias fau	

Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
		Click HERE for Additional Resources	Differentiation
Reading	Phonemic Awareness: initial sounds: /n/, /b/, /r/, /d/, /k/, /f/, /o/; medial sounds: /o/; final sounds: /n/, /b/, /f/ Phonics: /n/ spelled Nn, /b/ spelled Bb, /r/ spelled Rr, /d/ spelled Dd, /k/ spelled KK, /f/ spelled Ff, /o/ spelled Oo High Frequency Words: me, with, she, see, look, they, you, of	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Reading Informational	With a given main topic, retell key details of a text with prompting and support.	Reading Street, Unit 3, Weeks 1-6 National Geographic, Animals	

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Integration of Craft & Structure	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities between two texts on the same topic	Florida Become an Expert Books: Animals in Africa Animals in the Arctic Animals in Australia Florida Explore on Your Own Books: What Animal is it? Guess the Animal What Parts Do Animals Have? Smart Center, Families of the Past	
Science	• describe animals including, but not limited to, their appearances and natural behaviors; • contrast differences between different kinds of animals, and plants and animals (for example, appearances, how they move, how they reproduce) • identify similarities among different kinds of animals (for example, they have fur, they lay eggs). SC.K.L.14.2 • identify pictures, stories, and videos that portray animals the way they are in real life; • identify pictures, stories, and videos that portray animals in ways that are not true to life (e.g., animals that talk, plants that wear clothes, etc.); • describe an animal as it appears in real life; • describe an animal with characteristics that would not appear in real life (e.g., it's a strange color, it goes to school).	National Geographic, Animals Florida Become an Expert Books: Animals in Africa Animals in the Arctic Animals in Australia Florida Explore on Your Own Books: What Animal is it? Guess the Animal What Parts Do Animals Have? Uncovering Student Ideas in Primary Science SC.K.L.14.2 Is It An Animal? Is It Living? Is It A Plant? Do They Need Air? SC.K.L.14.3 Senses Big And Small Seeds Seeds In A Bag Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	
Social Studies	 SS.K.A.1.1 Describe the parts of a timeline Describe the purpose of a timeline Create a timeline 	Smart Center, Families of the Past Read Works, Similarities and Differences	Undated: August 2, 2017

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SS.K.A.1.2

• Identify a primary source

SS.K.A.2.1

- Compare children of today with children of the past
- Compare families of today with families of the past

S.S.K.A.2.2

- Recognize the importance of honoring people and events
- Recognize the importance of our nation's ethnic heritage

SS.K.A.2.3

 Compare our nation's holidays with holidays of other cultures

S.S.K.A.2.4

- Define character ideals and principles
- Listen to stories about people in the past who have shown honesty
- Retell stories about people in the past who have shown honesty
- Listen to stories about people in the past who have shown courage
- Retell stories about people in the past who have shown courage
- Listen to stories about people in the past who have shown responsibility
- Retell stories about people in the past who have shown responsibility

S.S.K.A.3.1

- Use words and phrases related to chronology
- Use words and phrases related to time
- Explain how things can change over time
- Sequentially order events that have occurred in school

S.S.K.A.3.2

- Explain that calendars represent days of the week
- Explain that calendars represent months of the year

Safari Montage,
The Gift of the Sacred Dog
Early Settlers
Global Wonders: Around the World
National Observances
American Independence
Amelia Earhart
Cesar Chavez
Equal Rights for All
The 100th Day of School

*iSmartboard*Timeline Maker

Social Studies Supplemental Materials

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Key Ideas		With prompting and support, retell familiar stories.		
Reading	Craft & Structure	With prompting and support, answer teacher- provided questions about unknown words in a text.	Reading Street, Unit 3, Weeks 1-6	
	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	With prompting and support, compare the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.		
- 0 priving 0	Speaking & Listering	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking questions about key details. Ask and answer questions in order to get information or clarify something that is not understood. Describe familiar things and events, and with prompting and support provide additional detail. Add other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail (e.g., diagrams, weather charts/graphs, pictorial records, etc.). Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	
50:+:*///	8 1111 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 11	opinion Use a combination of drawing and dictating in which they tell a reader the topic or name of the book they are writing about. State an opinion or preference about the topic or book.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	

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	Conventions: verbs; verbs for now and the past; verbs that add –s; verbs for now and the future; meaningful word groups; sentences		
Language	Oral Vocabulary: weigh, healthy, curious, measure, bamboo, explore, duckling, paddle, proud, pond, plunged, brave, celebration, barn, arch, sprinted, blacksmith, soldier, goose, caterpillar, reflection, gosling, butterfly, cocoon, gears, webcams, phonographs, headphones, handwritten, newspapers, jungle, nibbling, trembling, beast, snarled, entangled	<u>Florida Standards Phonics Handbook</u>	
	<u>Vocabulary</u> : color words; action words; position words; words for feelings; words for opposites; words for textures		
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) N and n, words with Bb; R and r, words with Rr; D and d, words with Kk; F and f, words with Ff; O and o, words with Oo; O and o, words with Oo		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	November: National American Indian Heritage Month National American Indian (or Native American) Month was enacted with a presidential proclamation in 1990. During the month, all Americans are encouraged to participate in programs, ceremonies, and activities that celebrate American Indian and Alaskan Native peoples' important contribution to the United States.		

Click **HERE** to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

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Concept 3-1 Quarter 3

Academic Plan 2017-2018Literacy – Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

Concept Description:

Concept 3-1: Day and Night and Geography

By the end of this Concept students should master the fourth of the four sub-standards within the Print Concepts cluster.

Stan	Standards				
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards				
LAFS.K.RF.2.2d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds	SC.K.E.5.1 Explore the Law of Gravity by investigating how objects are pulled toward the				
(phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.1 (This does	ground unless something holds them up.				
not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/).	SC.K.E.5.2 Recognize the repeating pattern of day and night.				
LAFS.K.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	SC.K.E.5.3 Recognize that the Sun can only be seen during the daytime.				
words.	SC.K.E.5.4 Observe that sometimes the Moon can be seen at night and sometimes during				
LAFS.K.RF.3.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound	the day.				
correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds	SC.K.E.5.5 Observe that things can be big and things can be small as seen from Earth.				
for each consonant.	SC.K.E.5.6 Observe that some objects are far away and some are nearby as seen from				
LAFS.K.RF.3.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings	Earth.				
(graphemes) for the five major vowels.					
LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she,	SS.K.A.1.2 Develop an awareness of a primary source.				
my, is, are, do, does).	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, photographs, a letter				
LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	from a grandparent, or other artifacts.				
	SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holidays as a way of				
LAFS.K.RI.1.3 With prompting and support, describe the connection between two	remembering and honoring people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.				
individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, federal holidays and				
LAFS.K.RI.2.6 With prompting and support, identify the author and illustrator of a text	ethnic celebrations.				
and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.	SS.K.G.1.1 Describe the relative location of people, places, and things by using positional				
LAFS.K.RI.3.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between	words.				
illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing or idea in	Remarks/Examples: Examples are near/far; above/below, left/right and behind/front.				
the text an illustration depicts).	SS.K.G.1.2 Explain that maps and globes help to locate different places and globes are a model of Earth.				
LAFS.K.RI.3.8 With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to					
support points in a text.	SS.K.G.1.3 Identify cardinal directions (north, south, east, west).				
	SS.K.G.1.4 Differentiate land and water features on simple maps and globes.				

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LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and Remarks/Examples: Examples are blue is water and green/brown is land. understanding. **SS.K.G.2.1** Locate and describe places in the school and community. Remarks/Examples: Examples are the cafeteria, library, office, restrooms, and classroom. LAFS.K.RL.1.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major SS.K.G.2.2 Know one's own phone number, street address, city or town and that Florida events in a story. is the state in which the student lives. LAFS.K.RL.2.6 With prompting and support, identify the author and illustrator of a story **SS.K.G.3.1** Identify basic landforms. and define the role of each in telling the story. Remarks/Examples: Examples are hills, forests, wetlands, and coasts. LAFS.K.RL.3.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between SS.K.G.3.2 Identify basic bodies of water. illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an Remarks/Examples: Examples are rivers, lakes, oceans, and gulfs. illustration depicts). LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail. LAFS.K.W.1.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. LAFS.K.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. LAFS.K.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. **LAFS.K.L.1.1.a** Print many upper- and lowercase letters. LAFS.K.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. **Big Ideas** Science **Social Studies** Day and Night are different Geography

Essential Outcome Questions				
Science				
How does the day sky compare to the night sky? What can you observe about the sun and the pattern of morning, Why does the sun look bigger than the stars we see at n		How can we use maps and globes to locate people, places, and things on Earth? What is your phone number and address?		
Aligned Learning Goals	Resources		Strategies for Differentiation	
	Cli	ck HERE for Additional Resources		

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Reading	Foundational	Phonemic Awareness: initial sounds: /h/, /l/, /g/, /e/; final sounds: /l/, /g/; medial sounds: /e/; consonant blends with: <i>l</i> , <i>r</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>p</i> Phonics: /h/ spelled <i>Hh</i> ; /l/ spelled <i>Ll</i> ; consonant blends with: <i>l</i> , <i>r</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>p</i> ; /g/ spelled <i>Gg</i> ; /e/ spelled <i>Ee</i> High-Frequency Words: are, that, do, one, two, three, four, five, here, go, from With prompting and support, describe the	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook Reading Street,
	as & Is	connections between two individuals, events, ideas,	Unit 4, Weeks 1-6
	Key Ideas & Details	or pieces of information in a text.	ome 4, weeks I o
	Ke		National Geographic,
_	& ıre	With prompting and support, identify the author and	Day and Night & Earth Science
ons	Craft & Structure	illustrator of a text and define the role of each in	Florida Become An Expert Books:
ıati	St	presenting the ideas or information in a text.	Day and Night on a Farm
Jrm	_ S _	With prompting and support, describe the	Day and Night in the Woods
Infc	Idea	relationship between illustrations and the text in	Day and Night in the City
Reading Informational	Integration of Knowledge & Idea <mark>s</mark>	which they appear (e.g. what person, place, thing in	Florida Explore On Your Own Books:
adi	/ledg	the text an illustration depicts).	What Does It Look Like?
Rei	now		Bright at Night
	of K	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an	Daytime and Nighttime
	tion	author gives in a text.	Consult Contour
	egra		Smart Centers,
	Int		Basic Landforms
			Maps and Globes

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Science

SC.K.E.5.1

- Recognize that all objects will be pulled toward the ground if something does not hold them up.
- Identify gravity as the force that causes objects to fall when they are not held up.
- Make predictions about how objects will be impacted if supports holding them up are removed.

SC.K.E.5.2

- Identify activities they do during the day and explain how they are different from those they do at night.
- Identify details in nature that make day different from night.
- Describe how day follows night and night follows day.

SC.K.E.5.3

- Identify and describe the Sun.
- Describe characteristics that define daytime, with the Sun as the primary detail.
- Identify how the Sun rises at dawn and sets at dusk.

SC.K.E.5.4

- Identify and describe the Moon.
- Describe characteristics that define nighttime, including the Moon as a primary detail.
- Discuss and describe how sometimes the Moon can be seen during the day while the Sun is out.

SC.K.E.5.5

SC.K.E.5.6

- Compare the size of an airplane (or another object, such as a hot air balloon) on the ground to one they see in the sky.
- Explain how the airplane looks smaller in the sky even though it doesn't change in size.
- Describe the size of objects in space (such as the Sun, Moon, and stars) in relation to Earth.
- Explain that big objects (such as the Sun, Moon, and stars) look small when observed from Earth.

National Geographic,

Day and Night & Earth Science Florida Become An Expert Books:

Day and Night on a Farm Day and Night in the Woods Day and Night in the City

Florida Explore On Your Own Books:

What Does It Look Like? Bright at Night

Daytime and Nighttime

Uncovering Student Ideas in Primary Science

SC.K.E.5.2

• When Is My Shadow The Longest?

SC.K.E.5.4

What Lights Up The Moon?

Click **HERE** for Science Supplemental Materials

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	 Describe how objects such as stars are far away as seen from Earth. Describe how objects in our solar system, such as the Sun and Moon, are nearby as seen from Earth. Compare how objects that are far away differ from those that are nearby as seen from Earth. 		
Social Studies	 SS.K.A.1.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holiday SS.K.G.1.1 Use positional words to describe the relative location of people, places and things SS.K.G.1.2 Explain that a map helps to locate different places on Earth Explain that a globe is a model of Earth Use a map to locate different places on Earth Use a globe to locate different places on Earth SS.K.G.1.3 Identify cardinal directions (north, south, east, west) SS.K.G.1.4 Differentiate land and water on simple maps and globes SS.K.G.2.1 Locate places in the school and community 	Smart Centers, Basic Landforms Maps and Globes iSmartboard States of the United States Safari Montage, Betsy's Kindergarten Adventures Treasure Hunt Peep: Wandering Beaver What is a community? All About Land Formations Florida Social Studies Supplemental Materials	

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		Describe the leasting of the color than the first	
		Describe the location of places in the school and	
		community	
		SS.K.G.2.2	
		Recite your phone number	
		Recite your street address	
		Identify the city in which you live	
		Identify the state in which you live	
		SS.K.G.3.1, SS.K.A.2.2	
		Use primary sources to identify basic landforms	
		<u>SS.K.G.3.2</u> , <u>SS.K.A.2.2</u>	
		Use primary sources to identify basic bodies of	
	I	water	
	ος	With prompting and support, identify characters,	
	dea	settings, and major events in a story.	
	Key Ideas & Details		
ure			
rat	~ a	With prompting and support, identify the author and	
Reading Literature	Craft & Structure	illustrator of a story and define the role of each in	Reading Street,
	Str	telling the story.	Unit 4, Weeks 1-6
adir		With prompting and support, describe the	
Reć	of Ideas	relationship between illustrations and the story in	
	Integration of nowledge & Ideas	which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an	
	Integrati Knowledge	illustration depicts).	
	Kno	mustration deprets).	
		Participate in collaborative conversations with	
		diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts	
		with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	
	<u></u>	,	
•		Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or	
	ISTE	information presented orally or through other media	
and Listening		by requesting clarification if something is not	Use RI and RL text selections
		understood.	to include S&L tasks in lesson design
	Speaking		3
-	y a K	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get	
ı	Sp.	information, or clarify something that is not	
	-	understood.	
		Describe familiar people, places, things, and events	
		and, with prompting and support, provide additional	

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	detail.		
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.		
	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.		
	informative/explanatory		
Writing	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
	Supply some information about the topic.		
	<u>Conventions</u> : naming parts; action parts; complete sentences; telling sentences; capital letter; pronouns <i>I</i> and <i>me</i>		
Language	Oral Vocabulary: world, trip, journey, lonely, horizon, homesick, piglet, lucky, cook, fox, filthy, scrubber, woodland, vale, comfortable, nest, hollow, shadows, bears, cottage, middle-sized, porridge, big, small, Antarctica, icebergs, seals, continent, penguins, whales, abuela, flock, airport, adventure, city, harbor	<u>Florida Standards Phonics Handbook</u>	
Га	<u>Vocabulary</u> : sequence words; words for texture; words for shapes; compound words; direction words; time words		
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) H and h, words with Hh; L and I, words with LI; numerals and number words; G and g, words with Gg; E and e, words with Ee; E and e, words with Ee		

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Annual Heritage and History Month Observance

February: Black History Month

To recognize the contributions of African Americans and foster a better understanding of the African American experience. Carter G. Woodson, who in 1926 spearheaded Negro History Week, started the observation. It was expanded to a month in 1976. February was chosen because of the birthdays of Frederick Douglas and Abraham Lincoln, two people who had a dramatic impact on the lives of African Americans.

Safari Montage,
African-American Heritage
Global Wonders: African-American

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Concept 3-2/4-1 Quarter 3 and 4

Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy – Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Smart Centers

Concept Description:

Concept 3-2/4-1: How Things Move

This Concept includes the publishing and producing Writing standard. LACC.K.W.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	
Stan	dards
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards
LAFS.K.RF.2.2d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds	SC.K.E.5.1 Explore the Law of Gravity by investigating how objects are pulled toward the
(phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.1 (This does	ground unless something holds them up.
not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/).	SC.K.P.10.1 Observe that things that make sound vibrate.
LAFS.K.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	SC.K.P.12.1 Investigate that things move in different ways, such as fast, slow, etc.
words.	SC.K.P.13.1 Observe that a push or a pull can change the way an object is moving.
LAFS.K.RF.3.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound	
correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds	
for each consonant.	
LAFS.K.RF.3.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings	National Women's History Month
(graphemes) for the five major vowels.	SS.K.A.1.2 Develop an awareness of a primary source
LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she,	SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holidays as a way of
my, is, are, do, does).	remembering and honoring people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.
LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, federal holidays and ethnic celebrations
LAFS.K.RI.1.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details	etime telebrations
in a text.	
LAFS.K.RI.3.8 With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to	
support points in a text.	
LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and	
understanding.	

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LAFS.K.RL.1.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

LAFS.K.RL.2.5 Recognize common type of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).

LAFS.K.RL.3.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.

LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.

LAFS.K.W.1.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is...).

LAFS.K.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

LAFS.K.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.K.L.1.1.a Print many upper- and lowercase letters.

LAFS.K.L.1.d: Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., *who, what, where, when, why, how).*

LAFS.K.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Big Idea

Science

Things move

Essential Outcome Questions

Science

What can you push and pull?

What happens when things of different shapes are moved? What happens when you pluck rubber bands of different thickness?

	Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for Differentiation
		Click HERE for Additional Resources	
Reading Foundational	Phonemic Awareness: initial sounds: /j/, /w/, /u/; final sounds: /ks/,/x/; medial sounds: /u/; initial sounds: /u/, /v/, /z/, /y/, /kw/; final sounds: /v/, /z/; medial sound: /u/	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	

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		Phonics: /j/ spelled Jj, /w/ spelled Ww; /ks/ spelled Xx; /u/ spelled Uu; /v/ spelled Vv, /z/ spelled ZZ; /y/ spelled Yy, /kw/ spelled Qu		
		<u>High-Frequency Words</u> : <i>yellow, blue, green, what, said, was</i>		
	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Reading Street, Unit 5, Weeks 1-6	
mational	Key Ide		National Geographic, How Things Move	
Reading Informational Integration of Knowledge Key Ic	Integration of Knowledge & Idea <mark>s</mark>	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	Florida Become an Expert Books: Vehicles Push & Pull Animals Push and Pull People Push and Pull Florida Explore On Your Own Books: What Can Pull Wagons Push and Pull Faces Toys to Push and Pull	
		SC.K.E.5.1Recognize that all objects will be pulled toward the	National Geographic, How Things Move	
		ground if something does not hold them up. • Identify gravity as the force that causes objects to	Florida Become an Expert Books: Vehicles Push & Pull	
		fall when they are not held.	Animals Push and Pull	
		Make predictions about how objects will be	People Push and Pull	
		impacted if supports holding them up are removed.	Florida Explore On Your Own Books:	
		SC.K.P.12.1Describe the speed at which things move, including,	What Can Pull Wagons Push and Pull Faces	
	υ	but not limited to, fast and slow.	Toys to Push and Pull	
Science		Describe the methods by which things move,	roys to rash and ran	
		including, but not limited to, walking, running, rolling,	<u>Uncovering Student Ideas in Science</u>	
		swimming, flying, etc.	<u>SC.K.E.5.1</u>	
		List ways in which their own bodies move, including but not limited to walking altiquing.	Apple on a Desk - Use a large state of the state of	
		including, but not limited to, walking, skipping,	Talking About Gravity	
		jumping, hopping, and galloping. SC.K.P.10.1	Uncovering Student Ideas in Primary Science	
		• Explain how certain instruments (such as guitars,	SC.K.P.12.1	
		violins, or pianos) make sounds when their strings are	Marble Roll	
		moving;	SC.K.P.13.1	
			When Is There Friction?	

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		 Describe how audio equipment, such as speakers, feels when sound is coming through it; and Describe how small sounds (like that of a bell ringing) and big sounds (like thunder) both work through vibration. SC.K.P.13.1 Describe how pushing a standing object can make it move forward. Describe how pulling a standing object can make it move backward. Describe how pushing a moving (rolling or sliding) object can make it change direction. 	SC.K.P.10.1 ■ Rubber Band Box Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials
1000	social studies	Ongoing Standards SS.K.A.1.2 Use primary sources to identify women in history. SS.K.A.2.2 Recognize the importance of celebrations and national holidays as a way of remembering and honoring people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.	National Education Association Women's History Month, Grades K-5 Safari Montage, Transportation Social Studies Supplemental Materials
ıture	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	
Reading Literature	Craft & Structure	Recognize common types of text (e.g., storybooks, poems).	Reading Street, Unit 5, Weeks 1-6
Read	Integration of Knowledge &	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.	
Speaking	and Listening	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design

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	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by requesting clarification if something is not understood.	
	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.	
	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	
	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	
	opinion	
Writing	Write opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about.	Florida Standards Writing Guide
	State an opinion or preference about the topic or book.	
	<u>Conventions</u> : questions; question marks and uppercase letters; prepositions; nouns; nouns in sentences; verbs	
Language	Oral Vocabulary: plane, subway, ferryboat, jetway, tunnel, sidecar, rescue, yacht, mechanic, pilot, sailor, shimmering, trailers, haul, truckers, cabs, steering wheel, headlight, engine, passenger, mountain, tracks, roundhouse, valley, travel, llama, submarine, kayak, dogsled, double-decker bus, cable car, horse-and-buggy, Metro line, trolley, skis, vaporetto	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook

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	Vocabulary: transportation words; positions words; words for jobs; time words; compound words; action words	
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) J and j, write words with Ww; X and x, write words with Xx; U and u, write words with Uu; U and u, write words with Uu; V and v, Z and z; write words with Vv, write words with Zz; Y and y, Q and q; write words with Yy, write words with Qq	
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	March: National Women's History Month Women's History Month started as Women's History Week in 1978. In 1987, Congress was petitioned to expand the week to an entire month. The month recognizes the important contributions made by women through programs in school, workplaces and communities.	National Education Association Women's History Month, Grades K-5

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Concept 4-2 Quarter 4

Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade Kindergarten (Course #5010041, #5020010, #5021020)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Adopted Instructional Materials: Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

Concept Description:

Concept 4-2: Needs and Wants	
Star	ndards
Language Arts Florida Standards	Science & Social Studies Next Generation Sunshine State Standards
LAFS.K.RF.2.2c Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).	SS.K.E.1.1 Describe the different kinds of jobs that people do and the tools or equipment used.
LAFS.K.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	Remarks/Examples: Examples are community helpers, firefighter and fire truck). SS.K.E.1.2 Recognize that United States currency comes in different forms.
LAFS.K.RF.3.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).	Remarks/Examples: Examples are coins and bills. SS.K.E.1.3 Recognize that people work to earn money to buy things they need or want.
LAFS.K.RF.4.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	SS.K.E.1.4 Identify the difference between basic needs and wants. Remarks/Examples: Examples of needs are clothing and shelter and examples of wants
LAFS.K.RI.1.2 With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	are video games and toys.
LAFS.K.RI.2.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	
LAFS.K.RI.3.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g, what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).	
LAFS.K.RI.3.9 With prompting and support, identify the basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	
LAFS.K.RI.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	
LAFS.K.RL.1.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. LAFS.K.RL.2.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	

Page 33 of 38 Updated: August 2, 2017 **LAFS.K.RL.3.7** With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).

LAFS.K.RL.4.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

LAFS.K.SL.2.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.

LAFS.K.W.1.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.

LAFS.K.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

LAFS.K.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.K.L.1.1.a Print many upper- and lowercase letters.

LAFS.K.L.1.d Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., *who, what, where, when, why, how*).

LAFS.K.L.1.f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.

LAFS.K.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Big Idea

Social Studies

Needs and Wants

Essential Outcome Question

Social Studies

What different kinds of jobs do people do and what tools or equipment do they use?

Why is it important for people to work?

	Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for Differentiation
Reading Foundational	Phonemic Awareness: initial sounds: /a/, /i/, /o/, /e/, /u/; medial sounds: /a/, /i/, /o/, /e/, /u/ Phonics: /a/ spelled Aa, /i/ spelled Ii; /o/ spelled Oo; /e/ spelled Ee; /u/ spelled Uu; decode words High Frequency words: here, do , little, with, what, where, is, go, that, come, the, was, to, like, from, for,	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	

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		my, of, we, yellow, have, they, four, two, blue, you, see, said, look, three		
	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	Reading Street,	
Reading Informational	Craft & Structure	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	Unit 6, Weeks 1-6 Smart Centers, Needs and Wants	
Reading Ir	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts). With prompting and support, identify the basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	CPALMS, Taking Care of Business	
0.000	Science	 SC.K.P.12.1 (Review) Describe the speed at which things move, including, but not limited to, fast and slow. Describe the methods by which things move, including, but not limited to, walking, running, rolling, swimming, flying, etc. List ways in which their own bodies move, including, but not limited to, walking, skipping, jumping, hopping, and galloping. SC.K.L.14.3 (Review) Describe plants and animals including, but not limited to, their appearances and natural behaviors. Contrast differences between different kinds of plants, different kinds of animals, and plants and animals (for example, appearances, how they move, how they reproduce). 	Uncovering Student Ideas in Primary Science SC.K.P.12.1 Marble Roll SC.K.L.14.3 Is it Living? Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	

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		 Identify similarities among different kinds of plants and animals (for example, they make flowers, they have fur, they lay eggs). 	
Social Studies		SS.K.E.1.1 Describe the different kinds of jobs that people do Describe the tools or equipment used for different kinds of jobs SS.K.E.1.2 Identify different forms of United States currency SS.K.E.1.3 Identify reasons for people working in a job Recognize that people earn money to buy things they need or want SS.K.E.1.4 Identify the difference between needs and wants	Smart Centers, Needs and Wants CPALMS, Taking Care of Business Safari Montage, Police Station Betsy's Kindergarten Adventures: Introduction to the Post Office Exploring Communities and Its Workers Fire Station Hospital Library Local Businesses Math in Our Lives: Currency Saving, Spending, and Investing Money School District of Lee County
ā	Key Ideas & Details	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.	
ing Literature	Craft &	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	<i>Reading Street,</i> Unit 6, Weeks 1-6
Reading	Integration of Knowledge &	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).	

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Speaking and Listening	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.		
	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.		
	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.		
	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.		
Writing	narrative		
	Write to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
	Tell about the events in the order in which they occurred.		
	Provide a reaction to what happened.		

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	<u>Conventions</u> : pronouns <i>I</i> and <i>me</i> ; prepositional		
	phrases; telling sentences; questions; exclamations;		
	complete sentences		
Language	Oral Vocabulary: groundbreaking, foundation, waterproof, trenches, welding, gleaming, saw, hammer, file, drill, screwdriver, chisel, beaver, paddle, stream, lodge, river, lake, gathered, drifting, island, distant, voyage, aboard, architect, plumbers, landscapers, electricians, painters, movers, colony, chambers, twigs, underground, silk, pebbles Vocabulary: compound words; location words; words for actions; location words; words for bugs	<u>Florida Standards Phonics Handbook</u>	
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) A and a, I and i; write words		
	with Aa, write words with Ii; O and o, write words		
	with Oo; E and e, write words with Ee; U and u, write		
	words with Uu; lowercase letters, write words;		
	uppercase and lowercase letters, write words		
도	May: Asian/Pacific American Heritage & Older		
lon	Americans Month		
Σ	Asian/Pacific American Heritage observation originally began as		
to	Asian/Pacific Heritage week on July 10, 1978. In 1992, President		
tage and Hist Observance	Bush signed legislation that designated May as Asian/Pacific American Heritage Month. The term Asian/Pacific American		
	includes many ethnic groups with diverse cultures. The month		
	celebrates the collective achievements of the many different		
tag	communities.		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	Older Americans Month was established by presidential		
	proclamation to honor the contributions of older Americans to		
	society. Begun in 1962, Older Americans Month is a time to celebrate and reflect on the unique contributions of older		
Ā	Americans in our society.		
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