

# Curriculum Overview 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One (Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

	YEAR AT A GLANCE						
<u>1-1</u>	<u>1-2</u>	<u>2-1</u>	<u>2-2</u>	<u>3-1</u>	<u>3-2</u>	<u>4-1</u>	<u>4-2</u>
Properties	Living Things	Civic Mindedness	Plants & Animals	Land & Water	Suns & Stars	Past Present	Pushes & Pulls
Rules & Laws	Narrative	Inf/Exp	Inf/Exp	Geography	Inf/Exp	Inf/Exp	Economics
Government	Inf/Exp		Opinion	Narrative		Opinion	Opinion
Narrative							
Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:	Suggested:
15-25 days	15-21 days	15-21 days	25-35 days	20-28 days	20 – 28 days	20-28 days	20-28 days
Quarter 1	– 45 Days	Quarter 2	– 45 Days	Quarter 3	– 45 Days	Quarter 4	– 45 Days

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the Grade 1 LAFS Aligned Learning Goals

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the Literacy – Grade 1 Curriculum Overview

Click <u>HERE</u> to view the
Literacy – Grade 1 ELA Standards for Excellence

Page 1 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One (Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 15 – 25 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

Concept 1-1 Quarter 1

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

## **Concept Description:**

Concept 1-1: Properties, Rules and Laws, and Government				
Standards				
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine Standards			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	SC.1.P.8.1 Sort objects by observable properties, such as size, shape, color, temperature,			
words.	weight, texture, and whether objects sink or float.			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	SC.1.E.5.3 Investigate how magnifiers make things appear bigger and help people see			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.	things they could not see without them.			
LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SC.1.N.1.1 Raise questions about the natural world, investigate them in teams through			
	free exploration, and generate appropriate explanations based on those explorations.			
LAFS.1.RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, table of contents,	SC.1.N.1.2 Using the five senses as tools, make careful observations, describe objects in			
glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.	terms of number, shape, texture, size, weight, color, and motion, and compare their			
LAFS.1.RI.2.6 Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations	observations with others.			
and information provided by the words in a text.	SC.1.N.1.3 Keep records as appropriate - such as pictorial and written records - of			
	investigations conducted.			
<b>LAFS.1.RL.1.3</b> Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.	SC.1.N.1.4 Ask "how do you know?" in appropriate situations.			
LAFS.1.RL.2.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that	SS.1.A.1.1 Develop an understanding of a primary source.			
give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, pictures, letters,			
LAFS.1.RL.3.7 Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or	audio/video recordings, and other artifacts.			
events.	SS.1.C.1.1 Explain the purpose of rules and laws in the school and community.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples are keeping order and ensuring safety.			
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details,	SS.1.C.1.2 Give examples of people who have the power and authority to make and			
expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	enforce rules and laws in the school and community.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples are principals, teachers, parents, government leaders, and			
LAFS.1.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar	police.			
and usage when writing or speaking.	SS.1.C.1.3 Give examples of the use of power without authority in the school and			
LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.	community.			
LAFS.1.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	Remarks/Examples: Examples are bullying, stealing, and peer pressure.			

Page 2 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Big Ideas					
	Science		Social Studies		
	Describing your world			Rules, laws, and gov	ernment
		l de la companya de	<b>Essential Outc</b>	ome Questions	
		Science		Social Studie	S
				Why do we have i	rules?
		How can you describe objects?		Who makes and enforces r	rules and laws?
		How can you sort by properties?		Who has power in your schoo	•
				What is a primary s	ource?
		Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
			Cl	ck HERE for Additional Resources	Differentiation
Reading Foundational		Phonemic Awareness: initial, medial, and final phonemes, segment and blend phonemes, blend onsets and rimes, isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes, rhyming words, identify syllables, rhyming words, identify syllables, count phonemes, distinguish /ă/, distinguish /ĭ/, segment and count phonemes; distinguish /ŏ/  Phonics: consonants: m/m/, s, ss/s, t/t/, short a: a, consonants c/k/, p/p/, n/n/, consonants f, ff/f/, b/b/, g/g/, short i: I, consonants d/d/, I/I/, h/h/, short o: o, consonants r/r/, w/w/, j/j/, k/k/, short e: e, consonants v/v/, y/y/, z, zz/z/, q, qu/kw/, short u: u, short a: a, consonant pattern –ck, short i: i, consonant x/ks/, short o: o, plural –s, consonant s/z/  High Frequency words: a, green, I, see, like, one, the, we, do, look, was, yellow, you, are, have, that, they, two, he, is, three, to, with, for, go, here, me, where, come, in, my, on, way, she, take, up, what, blue, from, get, help, little, use	<u>F</u>	lorida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Reading Informational	aft and Structure	Distinguish between information provided by pictures and the words in a text.  Know various text features (e.g., headings, table of contents, glossaries) to locate key facts or		Reading Street, Unit R, Week 1-6 U1 Weeks 1-3 National Geographic,	
_ =	Ç	information in a text.		Physical Science:	
<u> </u>	1	miormation in a text.		i itysicai science.	

Page 3 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

		Chapters 1 and 2 (Properties)  Smart Center, Civics & Government  Content Connections Big Book, Women of Courage Primary Sources  Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, FJCC lessons	
Science	<ul> <li>SC.1.P.8.1</li> <li>recognize that objects have observable physical properties;</li> <li>demonstrate the ability to classify and sort objects by observable physical properties such as size, shape, color, temperature, weight, texture, and the ability to sink or float; and</li> <li>recognize that some objects have similar properties.</li> <li>SC.1.E.5.3</li> <li>explain that some tools (e.g., telescopes) aid the human eye;</li> <li>understand that these tools make objects appear bigger and closer; and</li> <li>describe what can be seen with these tools that cannot be seen with the eye alone.</li> </ul>	National Geographic, Physical Science: Chapters 1 and 2 (Properties)  SC.1.P.8.1  Sink or Float Watermelon and Grape Snap Blocks SC.1.P.8.1: Comparing Cubes SC.1.E.5.3 Salt Crystals  Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	SC.1.N. (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4)  Bubbles
Social Studies	State Statute Constitution Day is Thursday, September 17 <sup>th</sup> Freedom Week is September 21 <sup>st</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> Constitution Day: Students have rights and responsibilities in their school community. SS.1.A.1.1	Smart Center, Civics & Government  Florida Joint Center for Citizenship,  FJCC lessons	

Page 4 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

		Define primary source.  SS.1.C.1.1  Explain the purpose of rules and laws in school and community.  SS.1.C.1.2  Identify and give examples of people who enforce rules and laws.	Content Connections Big Book, Women of Courage Primary Sources  Safari Montage, Video – Constitution Day (See Supplemental Teacher Doc)
		SS.1.C.1.3 Identify and give examples of who has power in your school and community.	Social Studies Supplemental Materials
	Key Ideas and Details	Describe characters and settings in a story.	
iterature	Craft and Structure	Identify features of books that tell stories.  Identify features of books that give information.	Reading Street,
Reading Literature	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters and setting.	Unit R, Week 1-6 U1 Weeks 1-3
ning	0	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	
ınd Lister	) ) )	Answer questions about key details in a text read aloud.	Use RI and RL text selections
Speaking and Listening		Answer questions about what a speaker says.  Describe people, places, and things.  Add drawings to descriptions when appropriate to	to include S&L tasks in lesson design
		clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	

Page 5 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.		
	narrative		
Writing	Write to recount two or more appropriately sequenced events.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
	Write to include some details regarding what happened.		
Language	Conventions: nouns for people, animals, and things; nouns for places; verbs; simple sentences; adjectives; sentences; sentences; subjects of sentences; predicates of sentences  Vocabulary: sort nouns; descriptive words; verbs in sentences; sort descriptive words; use descriptive words; sort words; words for location; alphabetize; synonyms  Handwriting: (D'Nealian) M and m, proper body position, S and s, proper paper position, T and t, proper pencil position, C and c, left-to-right progression, P and p, letter size, N and n, left-to-right progression, F and f, proper letter size, B and b, proper body and paper position, G and g, self-evaluation, D and d, proper letter size, L and I, proper body and paper position, H and h, self-evaluation, R and r, proper letter size, W and w, J and j, proper body and paper position, K and k, self-evaluation, V and v, Y and y, Z and z, proper body and paper position, A and a, letter size, I and i, X and x, letter s Suggested Pacing, O and o, left-to-right progression	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
and	September/October: Hispanic Heritage Month The first Hispanic Heritage Week was approved on		
Annual Heritage a History Month Observance	September 15, 1968. The month gives people the opportunity to plan and participate in ceremonies and activities that recognize the contributions of the many diverse cultures within the Hispanic community. In 1988, the celebration was expanded to a month and goes from September 15 to October 15.		



Concept 1-2 Quarter 1

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 15 – 21 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

## **Concept Description:**

Concept 1-2: Living Things

Concept 1-2: Living Things	
Sta	ndards
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.  LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SC.1.N.1.3 Keep records as appropriate - such as pictorial and written records - of investigations conducted.  SC.2.N.1.4 Ask "how do you know?" in appropriate situations.  SC.1.L.14.1 Make observations of living things and their environment using the five senses.
LAFS.1.RI.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. LAFS.1.RI.1.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. LAFS.1.RI.2.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.	SC.1.L.14.2 Identify the major parts of plants, including stem, roots, leaves, and flowers SC.1.L.14.3 Differentiate between living and nonliving things.  SC.1.L.17.1 Through observation, recognize that all plants and animals, including humans, need the basic necessities of air, water, food, and space.
LAFS.1.RI.3.7 Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.  LAFS.1.RL.2.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.	
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	
LAFS.1.W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.  LAFS.1.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	
LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.	

Page 7 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

**LAFS.1.L.1.2** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

## **Big Idea**

The world around you

### **Essential Outcome Questions**

How are living and nonliving things different?
What are the basic needs of plants?
What are the basic needs of humans and animals?

	Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
			Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
Foundational		Phonemic Awareness: segment and blend phonemes count syllables, segment and blend onset and rime, distinguish /ĕ/, distinguish /ŭ/  Phonics: inflected endings -s and –ing, short ĕ, initial		
Reading Found		consonant blends, short /ŭ/, final consonant blends  Spelling: inflected ending –s, short e words, short u words with final consonant blends	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
		High Frequency Words: eat, five, four, her, this, too, saw, small, tree, your, home, into, many, them		
ional	Key Ideas and Details	Answer questions about key details in a text.  Ask questions about key details in a text.  Identify the main topic of a text.	Reading Street,	
ing Informational	and	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.	Unit 1, Weeks 4-6  National Geographic, Life Science:	
Reading	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.	Chapters 1-3 (Living Things)	

Page 8 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Science	• observe and identify living things and their environments using the five senses; and • recognize tools that can aid in these observations in the type of environment they are naturally found.  SC.1.L.14.2 • recognize, identify, and locate major parts of plants, including roots, stems, leaves, and flowers.  SC.1.L.14.3 • recognize that objects on Earth are either living or nonliving; • identify characteristics of living and non-living things; • explain the differences between living and nonliving things.  SC.1.L.17.1 • identify the basic needs of all living things; and • compare the needs of animals with those of plants in order to see the similarities in all living things.	National Geographic, Life Science: Chapters 1-3 (Living Things)  SC.1.L.14.1, SC.1.L.14.3  Is it Living? SC.1.L.14.1, SC.1.L.14.2, SC.1.L.14.3  Is It Living? Is It A Plant Is It A Plant Seeds in a Bag Senses SC.1.L.17.1  Do They Need Air  Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	
Reading Literature	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that appeal to the senses.	Reading Street, Unit 1, Weeks 4-6	
Speaking & Listening	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).  Answer questions about key details in a text read aloud.  Answer questions about what a speaker says.  Describe people, places, and things.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	

Page 9 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Add drawings to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.		
	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.		
	narrative		
Writing	Write narratives that recount two or more appropriately sequenced events and include some details regarding what happened.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
>	informative/explanatory		
	Write to name a topic. Write to supply some facts about the topic.		
	<u>Conventions</u> : declarative sentences, interrogative sentences, exclamatory sentences		
Language	Vocabulary: alphabetize to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> letter, sort words, antonyms	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Ľ,	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) N and n, G and g, letter slant; E and e, letter size; U and u, Q and q, letter s Suggested Pacing		
	October: National Disability Employment Awareness		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	Month In 2003, previously known as National Employ the Handicapped Week, President George W. Bush proclaimed October as National Disability Employment Awareness Month. During this month, we recognize the many contributions citizens with disabilities make to our society,		
₹	and we reaffirm our commitment to helping them achieve their full inclusion in our workforce.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 10 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



Concept 2-1 Quarter 2

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 15 – 21 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

## **Concept Description:**

Concept 2-1: Civic Mindedness					
Stan	Standards				
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards				
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.  LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SS.1.C.2.1 Explain the rights and responsibilities students have in the school community. Remarks/Examples: Examples are not littering, coming to school on time, and having a safe learning environment.  SS.1.C.2.2 Describe the characteristics of responsible citizenship in the school community.				
LAFS.1.RI.1.3 Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.2.6 Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.  LAFS.1.RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.  LAFS.1.RI.1.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.  LAFS.1.RI.2.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.  LAFS.1.RI.2.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.  LAFS.1.RI.3.7 Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.  LAFS.1.SI.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	Remarks/Examples: Examples are follow rules, care about the environment, and respect others.  SS.1.C.2.3 Identify ways students can participate in the betterment of their school and community.  Remarks/Examples: Examples are responsible decision making, classroom jobs, and school service projects.  SS.1.C.2.4 Show respect and kindness to people and animals.  SS.1.C.3.1 Explain how decisions can be made or how conflicts might be resolved in fair and just ways.  Remarks/Examples: Examples are talking about problems, role playing, listening, and sharing.  SS.1.C.3.2 Recognize symbols and individuals that represent American constitutional democracy.  Remarks/Examples: Examples are United States flag, Pledge of Allegiance, National Anthem, Statue of Liberty, bald eagle, George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, and the current President.				

Page 11 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

LAFS.1.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.

LAFS.1.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

### **Big Idea**

Civic Mindedness

### **Essential Outcome Questions**

What are your rights and responsibilities in the school community? What are the qualities of a responsible citizen? How can you make school and community a better place? What do kindness and respect look like? How can conflicts be resolved in fair and just ways? What symbols represent your country?

Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
		Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
_	Phonemic Awareness: segment and blend phonemes, segment and blend words, distinguish between long a and /a/, distinguish between long i and /i/		
Reading Foundational	Phonics: consonants diagraphs: sh, th, vowel sound in ball: a, al, long a: a_e, consonants: c/s/, g/j/, consonant digraphs: wh, ch, tch, ph, long i: i_e  Spelling: words with sh and th, words with long a; words with long i	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
~	High Frequency Words: catch, good, no, put, said, want, be, could, horse, of, old, paper, live, out, people, who, work		
la l	Describe the connection between two individuals in a	Reading Street,	
rmational	text.	Unit 2, Weeks 1-3	
Reading Informational Key Ideas and	ă	Florida Joint Center for Citizenship,	

Page 12 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

		Know various text features (e.g., electronic menus,	FJCC lessons	
	ft and Structure	icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.  Distinguish between other illustrations and	Smart Center, Citizenship  CPALMS,	
	Craft	information provided by the words in a text.	<u>David's Big Problem</u>	
		SS.1.C.2.1 Explain the rights and responsibilities students have in the school community.	Smart Center, Citizenship	
lies		SS.1.C.2.2  Describe the characteristics of responsible citizenship in the school community.  SS.1.C.2.3	CPALMS,  David's Big Problem	
Social Studies		Identify ways students can participate in the betterment of their school and community.  SS.1.C.2.4	Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, <u>FJCC lessons</u>	
Š		Recognize acts that demonstrate respect and kindness to people and animals.  SS.1.C.3.1	<i>Safari Montage,</i> United States Flag – video	
		Explain how decisions can be made or how conflicts might be resolved in fair and just ways.  SS.1.C.3.2	Social Studies Supplemental Materials	
		Recognize symbols and individuals that represent American constitutional democracy.		
	as and ails	Retell stories, including key details.		
ature	Key Ideas and Details	Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story.		
Reading Literature	ıcture	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings.	Reading Street, Unit 2, Weeks 1-3	
Readi	Craft and Structure	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information.		

Page 13 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.		
	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud.		
tening	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says.		
8 Lis	Describe people, places, things, and events.	Use RI and RL text selections	
Speaking & Listening	Add other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	to include S&L tasks in lesson design	
	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.		
p0	informative/explanatory		
Writing	Write to name a topic. Write to supply some facts about the topic.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
	Conventions: common nouns, proper nouns, special		
Φ	titles		
Language	Vocabulary: sort nouns, time and order words, directional words  Handwriting: (D'Nealian) S and s, H and h, letter size;  P and p, letter size; W and w, letter formation	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
유	October: National Disability Employment Awareness		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	Month In 2003, previously known as National Employ the Handicapped Week, President George W. Bush proclaimed October as National Disability Employment Awareness Month. During this month, we recognize the many contributions citizens with disabilities make to our society, and we reaffirm our commitment to helping them achieve their full inclusion in our workforce.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 14 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Concept 2-2 Quarter 2

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy – Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 25 – 35 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

### **Concept Description:**

Concept 2-2: Plants and Animals

Concept 2-2: Plants and Animals					
Stan	Standards Standa				
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards				
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3c Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3e Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3g Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.  LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SC.1.L.14.1 Make observations of living things and their environment using the five senses.  SC.1.L.14.2 Identify the major parts of plants, including stem, roots, leaves, and flowers  SC.1.L.16.1 Make observations that plants and animals closely resemble their parents, but variations exist among individuals within a population.  SC.1.L.17.1 Through observation, recognize that all plants and animals, including humans, need the basic necessities of air, water, food, and space.				
LAFS.1.RI.2.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.  LAFS.1.RI.2.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.3.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.3.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).  LAFS.1.RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.  LAFS.1.RL.2.6 Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.  LAFS.1.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.					
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.					

Page 15 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

**LAFS.1.W.1.1** Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.

LAFS.1.W.1.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.

**LAFS.1.W.3.8** With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

**LAFS.1.L.1.1** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.

**LAFS.1.L.1.2** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

### **Big Idea**

Plants and animals on Earth

#### **Essential Outcome Questions**

How are plants alike and different? How are animals alike and different? How do plants and animals change?

Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for
	Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
Phonemic Awareness: distinguish between long o and /o/, segment and blend phonemes, distinguish between long u and /u/, distinguish between long e and /e/, segment and blend words, rhyming words, add initial phonemes  Phonics: long o: o_e, contractions, long u: u_e, long e: e_e, inflected ending -ed, long e: e, ee, syllables VC/CV, vowel sounds of y, syllable pattern CV, consonant patterns ng, nk, compound words  Spelling: words with long o, words with long u, words with long e, vowel sounds of y  High Frequency Words: down, inside, now, there, together, around, find, food, grow, under, water, also, family, new, other, some, their, always, everything, things, become, nothing, day, stays,	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	Differentiation
any, every, were, enough, own, ever, sure		

Page 16 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Reading Informational	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Craft and Structure Key Ideas and Details	Ask questions about key details in a text.  Answer questions about key details in a text.  Retell key details of a text.  Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.  Identify the reasons of a given point in a text.  Identify basic similarities in two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	Reading Street, Unit 2 Weeks 4-6 Unit 3 Weeks 1-2 National Geographic, Life Science: Chapters 1-3 (Plants & Animals)	
Science		<ul> <li>SC.1.L.14.1</li> <li>describe ways in which living things and their environments can be observed;</li> <li>identify living things and their environments using the five senses; and</li> <li>recognize tools that can aid in these observations in the type of environment they are naturally found.</li> <li>SC.1.L.14.2</li> <li>recognize, identify and locate major parts of plants, including roots, stems, leaves, and flowers.</li> <li>SC.1.L.16.1</li> <li>recognize that offspring are related to their parents;</li> <li>identify similarities between offspring and their parents; and</li> <li>describe differences in a population of people.</li> </ul>	National Geographic, Life Science: Chapters 1-3 (Plants & Animals)  SC.1.L.14.1, SC.1.L.14.2, SC.1.L.14.3  Is It Living? Is It An Animal Is It A Plant Is It Made of Parts Seeds in a Bag Senses	

Page 17 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

		SC.1.L.17.1	CC 1   17.1		
		• identify the basic needs of all living things; and	SC.1.L.17.1		
		• compare the needs of animals with those of	Do They Need Air		
		plants in order to see the similarities in all living	Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials		
		things.	click mene for science supplemental Materials		
	Key Ideas and Details	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.			
Reading Literature	Craft and Structure	Identify who is telling the story.	Reading Street, Unit 2 Weeks 4-6 Unit 3 Weeks 1-2		
Reac	Integration of Knowledge and	Compare the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.			
		Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud.			
Speaking and Listening	)	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says.			
g and L	1	Describe people, places, things, and events.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design		
Speakin		Add other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.			
		Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.			
		informative/explanatory			
F-0		Write informative/explanatory texts that name a			
Writing	'	topic and supply some facts about the topic.	Florida Standards Writing Guide		
>		opinion			
		Name the topic or book being written about.			

Page 18 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	State an opinion.		
	Supply a reason for the opinion. Write opinion pieces that introduce the topic or name the book being written about, state an opinion and supply a reason for the opinion.  Conventions: proper nouns (days, months, holidays), singular and plural nouns, nouns in sentences, action verbs, verbs that add -s		
Language	Vocabulary: sort words, context clues, antonyms, synonyms  Handwriting: (D'Nealian) T and t, consistent letter slant; D and d, letter size; B and b, letter s Suggested Pacing; Y and y, letter size; K and k, letter	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
	slant November: National American Indian Heritage		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	Month  National American Indian Heritage  Month  National American Indian (or Native American) Month was enacted with a presidential proclamation in 1990. During the month, all Americans are encouraged to participate in programs ceremonies and activities that celebrate American Indian and Alaskan Native peoples' important contribution to the United States.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 19 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



Concept 3-1 Quarter 3

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One (Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 20 – 28 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

## **Concept Description:**

Concept 3-1: Our Planet Earth

Concept 3-1: Our Planet Earth				
Star	ndards			
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in	SC.1.E.6.1 Recognize that water, rocks, soil, and living organisms are found on			
decoding words.	the Earth's surface.			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	SC.1.E.6.2 Describe the need for water and how to be safe around water.			
LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.				
LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	<b>SS.1.G.1.1</b> Use physical and political/cultural maps to locate places in Florida.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples are Tallahassee, student's hometown, Lake			
LAFS.1.RI.1.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	Okeechobee, Florida Keys, and the Everglades.			
LAFS.1.RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, table of	SS.1.G.1.2 Identify key elements (compass rose, cardinal directions, title,			
contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information	key/legend with symbols) of maps and globes.			
in a text.	<b>SS.1.G.1.3</b> Construct a basic map using key elements including cardinal directions and map symbols.			
LAFS.1.RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate	Remarks/Examples: Examples are map of bedroom, classroom, or route to school			
understanding of their central message or lesson.	SS.1.G.1.4 Identify a variety of physical features using a map and globe.			
LAFS.1.RL.2.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and	Remarks/Examples: Examples are oceans, peninsulas, lakes, rivers, swamps, and			
books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.	gulfs.			
	SS.1.G.1.5 Locate on maps and globes the student's local community, Florida, the			
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details,	Atlantic Ocean, and the Gulf of Mexico.			
expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	<b>SS.1.G.1.6</b> Describe how location, weather, and physical environment affect the way people live in our community.			
	Remarks/Examples: Examples are effects on their food, clothing, shelter,			
LAFS.1.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	transportation, and recreation			
grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	dansportation, and recreation			
LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.				
LAFS.1.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English				
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.				

Page 20 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Big Ideas					
	Science Social Studies				
	Our planet Earth				
	E	Essential Outco			
	Science		Social Studies		
	How do people use Earth's land and water?		How do you use maps to locate p		
	How does Earth's land change?		What are the key elements of m		
			How do location, weather, and physical enviro		
	Alianad Lagurina Caala		live in our commun	· ·	
	Aligned Learning Goals	Ol:	Resources	Strategies for	
	Ohanania Assaurana arang arang dalam d	Cli	ck for Additional Resources	Differentiation	
Reading Foundational	Phonemic Awareness: segment and blend phonemes, segment and blend syllables, add phonemes; isolate medial and final phonemes, segment and blend phonemes, change and add phonemes, segment and blend syllables  Phonics: ending -es, plural -es, vowels: r-controlled or, ore; adding endings, vowels: r-controlled ar, er, ir, ur, contractions, comparative endings -er, -est, consonant pattern -dge  Spelling: words with -ed; words with er, ir, ur; comparative endings -er and -est  High Frequency Words: away, car, friends, house, our, school, very, afraid, again, few, how, read, soon, down, know, push, visit, wait, before, does, good-bye,		orida Standards Phonics Handbook		
(	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.		Reading Street, Unit 3, Weeks 3-6  National Geographic, Earth Science: Chapters 1-3 (Land and Water)		
	¥		Content Connections Big Book,		

Page 21 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of	Bird's Eye View	
	contents, glossaries) to locate key facts or	Life in a Rural Community	
l di		,	
Craft and Structure		CPALMS,	
Stru		Traveling with Clifford	
		<u>Iraveiling with Clifford</u>	
	5		
	SC.1.E.6.1		
	• describe components that appear on Earth's	National Geographic,	
	surface, including water, rocks, soil, and living	Earth Science:	
	organisms;	Chapters 1-3 (Land and Water)	
		Chapters 1 3 (Land and Water)	
	• understand that these components are exclusive to		
	Earth's surface and are not found in other layers of	Management	
	Earth's crust; and	nicovening	
a)	<ul> <li>recognize that both living and nonliving objects are</li> </ul>	Student Ideas	
l uce	found on Earth's surface.	an obtained	
Science	SC.1.E.6.2	SC.1.E.6.1	
Š	explain that all organisms on Earth need water to	What Makes Up a Mountain?	
	live;	Describing Soil	
	• recognize that many organisms live in water; and		
	•	SC.1.E.6.1	
	describe procedures involving water safety. These	Where Would It Fall	
	include, but are not limited to, swimming only when	(note: addresses Earth's surface is covered with water)	
	a lifeguard is on duty and wearing appropriate		
	clothing and equipment when participating in water-	Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	
	related activities (e.g., life jackets when boating).		
	SS.1.G.1.2, SS.1.G.1.3, SS.1.G.1.4	CPALMS,	]
	Identify places in Florida on a physical, political, and	Traveling with Clifford	
	cultural maps.		
	SS.1.G.1.5	Content Connections Big Book,	
es		<u> </u>	
Studies	Identify and construct a basic map using key	Bird's Eye View	
Stı	elements.	Life in a Rural Community	
Social	SS.1.G.1.6		
00	Describe how location, weather, and physical	Safari Montage,	
S	environment affect the way people live in our	Economics Tab – Florida	
	community.		
		Social Studies Supplemental Materials	
		Social Statics Supplemental Materials	
		<u>L</u>	1

Page 22 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Reading Literature	ure Key Ideas and Details	Identify the central message or lesson.  Explain major differences between books that tell	<i>Reading Street,</i> Unit 3, Weeks 3-6	
Readi	Craft and Struct	stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.		
		Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.		
Speaking and Listening		Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	
		Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information.		
Speaking	эреакіпу	Describe people, places, and things with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.  Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions		
		when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.		
		Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.		
		narrative		
Writing		Write narratives that recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	

Page 23 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	<u>Conventions</u> : verbs that do not add –s; verbs for past and for future; verbs <i>am, is, are, was, were</i> ; contractions with <i>not</i>		
Language	Vocabulary: descriptive words; dictionary/glossary; context clues	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) R and r, letter size; C and c, letter s Suggested Pacing; V and v, left-to-right progression; J and j, letter slant		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	February: Black History Month  To recognize the contributions of African Americans and foster a better understanding of the African American experience. Carter G. Woodson, who in 1926 spearheaded Negro History Week, started the observation. It was expanded to a month in 1976. February was chosen because of the birthdays of Frederick Douglas and Abraham Lincoln, two people who had a dramatic impact on the lives of African Americans.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 24 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



Concept 3-2 Quarter 3

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 20 – 28 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

### **Concept Description:**

Concept 3-2: Sun and Stars

oncept 3-2: <i>Sun and Stars</i>			
Stan	dards		
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards		
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in	SC.1.N.1.1 Raise questions about the natural world, investigate them in teams		
decoding words.	through free exploration, and generate appropriate explanations based on those		
LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	explorations.		
LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.	<b>SC.1.N.1.2</b> Using the five senses as tools, make careful observations, describe objects		
LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	in terms of number, shape, texture, size, weight, color, and motion, and compare their observations with others.		
LAFS.1.RI.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	SC.1.E.5.1 Observe and discuss that there are more stars in the sky than anyone can		
LAFS.1.RI.1.3 Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or	easily count and that they are not scattered evenly in the sky.		
pieces of information in a text.	SC.1.E.5.3 Investigate how magnifiers make things appear bigger and help people see		
LAFS.1.RI.2.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of	things they could not see without them.		
words and phrases in a text.	SC.1.E.5.4 Identify the beneficial and harmful properties of the Sun.		
LAFS.1.RI.3.7 Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.			
LAFS.1.RI.3.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the			
same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).			
LAFS.1.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in			
stories.			
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details,			
expressing ideas and feelings clearly.			
LAFS.1.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English			
grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.			
LAFS.1.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English			
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
Big	Idea		

Page 25 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

### The sky

## **Essential Outcome Questions**

What can you see in the sky?
What can you observe about the sun?
How do you use telescopes to observe objects in the sky?

		Aligned Learning Goals	Resources	Strategies for
			Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
		Phonemic Awareness: segment and blend phonemes, change initial or final phonemes; isolate initial phonemes; change phonemes; segment and blend phonemes or syllables		
	Keading Foundational	Phonics: read and spell using vowel digraphs /ay/ /ai/ /ea/, plural and singular possessives, adding endings; read and spell using vowel digraphs /oa/ /ow/ /ie/ /igh/; three-letter consonant blends; consonant patterns kn, wr	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Reading	Spelling: words with ai and ay; words with ea; words with oa, ow; words with ie, igh			
		High Frequency Words: about, enjoy, give, surprise, worry, would, colors, draw, drew, great, over, show, sign, found, mouth, once, took, wild, above, eight, laugh, moon, touch		
Informational	Key Ideas and Details	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.  Describe the connection between two events in a text.	Reading Street, Unit 4, Weeks 1-4  National Geographic, Earth Science:	
Reading Infor	Craft and Structure	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.	Chapters 1-3 (Sun and Stars)	

Page 26 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Knowledge and Integration of Ideas	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.  Identify basic differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).		
Conciss	Science	• explain that there are more stars in the sky than can be counted by humans, including scientists.  • describe a view of the night sky including the vast number of stars and the uneven placement of stars in the sky.  SC.1.E.5.3  • explain that some tools (e.g., telescopes) aid the human eye;  • understand that these tools make objects appear bigger and closer; and  • describe what can be seen with these tools that cannot be seen with the eye alone.  SC.1.E.5.4  • identify and describe beneficial properties of the Sun (e.g., providing warmth, light, and energy for photosynthesis).  • identify and describe harmful properties of the Sun (e.g., UV rays, eye damage).	National Geographic, Earth Science: Chapters 1-3 (Sun and Stars)  SC.1.E.5.1  • Emmy's Moon and Stars SC.1.E.5.3  • Salt Crystals  Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	SC.1.E.5.1  • Stargazers SC.1.E.5.4  • Sunshine On My Shoulders
Reading Literature	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Contrast the adventures and experiences of	Reading Street, Unit 4, Weeks 1-4	
Speaking	and Listening	Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.  Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	

Page 27 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Advandance continue to the continue of		
	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says		
	in order to gather additional information.		
	Describe people, places, and things with relevant		
	details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.		
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions		
	when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and		
	feelings.		
	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to		
	task and situation.		
	informative/explanatory		
	, , ,		
<b>₽</b> 0	Write to name a topic.		
l ii	Trine to name a topic	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
Writing	Write to supply some facts about the topic.	Tionaa Stanaaras Witting Galac	
	Time to supply some facts about the topic.		
	Provide some sense of closure.		
	Conventions: adjectives (color and shape); adjectives		
	for size; adjectives for what kind		
ge	Vocabulary: time and order words; compound words;		
gng	sort nouns and verbs; context clues	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Language	,		
	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) M and m, letter size; L and I,		
	letter's Suggested Pacing; F and f, left-to-right		
	progression; Z and z, letter slant		
	March: National Women's History Month		
age /	,		
nnual Heritag and History Month Observance	Women's History Month started as Women's History Week	Content Connections Dia Rook	
His ont	in 1978. In 1987, Congress was petitioned to expand the	Content Connections Big Book,	
nd Ind M	week to an entire month. The month recognizes the	Women of Courage	
⋖	important contributions made by women through		
-	programs in school, workplaces and communities.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 28 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



Concept 4-1 Quarter 4

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 20 – 28 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

### **Concept Description:**

Concept 4-1: Past and Present			
Standards			
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards		
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.	SS.1.A.1.2 Understand how to use the media center/other sources to find answers to questions about a historical topic.  Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, databases, audio or video recordings, and books.		
LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SS.1.A.2.1 Understand history tells the story of people and events of other times and places.  SS.1.A.2.2 Compare life now with life in the past.		
LAFS.1.RI.1.3 Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas or pieces of information in a text.	Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, comparing school, families, work, and community life.		
LAFS.1.RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.3.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	SS.1.A.2.3 Identify celebrations and national holidays as a way of remembering and honoring the heroism and achievements of the people, events, and our nation's ethnic heritage.  Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, federal holidays and		
LAFS.1.RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.  LAFS.1.RL.1.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.  LAFS.1.RL.2.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or	ethnic celebrations.  SS.1.A.2.4 Identify people from the past who have shown character ideals and principles including honesty, courage, and responsibility.  Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, Presidents, war		
appeal to the senses.  LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	veterans, community members, and leaders.  SS.1.A.2.5 Distinguish between historical fact and fiction using various materials.  Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, tall tales, fables and non-fiction (expository) text.		
LAFS.1.W.1.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.LACC.1.W.6: with guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.			

Page 29 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

**LAFS.1.W.3.8** With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

**LAFS.1.L.1.1** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.

**LAFS.1.L.1.2** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

### **Big Idea**

Past and Present

#### **Essential Outcome Questions**

What are the similarities and differences of life in the present and life in the past? How can the Media Center or other sources be used to answer questions about historical topics?

Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
		Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
	Phonemic Awareness: segment and blend phonemes, segment and blend syllables, change phonemes, remove phonemes, create words		
Foundational	Phonics: compound words, vowel digraphs ue, ew, ui; suffixes -ly and -ful; vowel sound in moon: oo; dipthongs ow, ou; final syllable -le; vowel patterns ow, ou, syllables V/CV, VC/V	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Reading	Spelling: compound words; words with suffixes -ly and -ful; words with ow; words with ou		
	High Frequency Words: picture, remember, room, stood, thought, across, because, dance, only, opened, shoes, told, along, behind, eyes, never, pulling, toward, door, loved, should, wood		
g onal as	Describe the connection between two individuals,	Reading Street,	
Reading Informational Key Ideas	events, ideas or pieces of information in a text.	Unit 4, Weeks 5-6 Unit 5, Weeks 1-2	

Page 30 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Craft and Structure	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons)	Smart Center, Then and Now
	nowledge	to locate key facts or information in a text.  Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	CPALMS, Looking for Lincoln Throughout His Life
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		Content Connections Big Book,  Needs Past and Present  Men of Invention
		SS.1.A.1.2 Understand how to use the Media Center and/or other resources to answer questions about historical	Smart Center, Then and Now
	S	topics.  SS.1.A.2.1, SS.1.A.2.2, SS.1.A.2.3, SS.1.A.2.4, SS.1.A.2.5  Identify the similarities and differences (compare and	CPALMS, Looking for Lincoln Throughout His Life
<del>-</del>	social studies	contrast) of life in the present to life in the past.	Content Connections Big Book,  Needs Past and Present  Men of Invention
Ć	አ		Safari Montage, Grade 1 Social Studies Tab – American History
			Social Studies Supplemental Materials
ē	is and ils	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	
Reading Literature	Key Ideas and Details	Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.	Reading Street, Unit 4, Weeks 5-6
Readin	Craft and Structure	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.	Unit 5, Weeks 1-2
and	_ ا	Build on others' talk in conversations responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.	
Speaking and	Listening	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design

Page 31 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	T.,		
	Ask and answer question about what a speaker says		
	in order to gather additional information or clarify		
	something that is not understood.		
	Describe people, places, things, and events with		
	relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.		
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions		
	when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.		
	reenings.		
	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to		
	task and situation.		
	informative/explanatory		
	Write informative/explanatory texts that name a		
	topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide		
	some sense of closure.		
bo	opinion		
Writing		Florida Standards Writing Guide	
۷ri	Name the topic or book being written about.	Florida Stalidards Writing Guide	
	Introduce the topic.		
	State an opinion.		
	Supply a reason for the opinion.		
	Provide some sense of closure.		
	Conventions: adjectives for how many; articles; adjectives		
	that compare; imperative sentences; pronouns		
e Od	Vocabulary: dictionary/glossary; compound words;	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Language	synonyms; using a dictionary and glossary		
ang	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) numbers 1-5, word s Suggested		
٦	Pacing; numbers 6-10, word s Suggested Pacing; numbers		
	11-15, word s Suggested Pacing; numbers 16-20, word s		
	Suggested Pacing		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 32 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017



Concept 4-2 Quarter 4

# Academic Plan 2017-2018 Literacy - Grade One ( Course #5010042, #5020020, #5021030)

Suggested Pacing Range: 20 – 28 days

Teachers should adjust instructional Suggested Pacing based on student data.

**Adopted Instructional Materials:** Pearson, Reading Street; National Geographic, Science; Content Connections Big Books & Smart Centers

Concept	<b>Description:</b>

Concept 4-2: Pushes and Pulls and Economics

Concept 4-2: Pushes and Pulls and Economics			
Standards Standa			
Language Arts Florida Standards	Next Generation Sunshine State Standards		
LAFS.1.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.  LAFS.1.RF.3.3f Read words with inflectional endings.  LAFS.1.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	SC.1.P.12.1 Demonstrate and describe the various ways that objects move, such as in a straight line, zigzag, back-and-forth, round-and-round, fast, and slow.  SC.1.P.13.1 Demonstrate that the way to change the motion of an object is by applying a push or a pull.		
LAFS.1.RI.2.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.2.6 Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.  LAFS.1.RI.3.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	<ul> <li>SS.1.A.3.1 Use terms related to time to sequentially order events that have occurred in school, home, or community.</li> <li>Remarks/Examples: Examples may include, but are not limited to, days, weeks, months, and years.</li> <li>SS.1.A.3.2 Create a timeline based on the student's life or school events, using primary sources.</li> <li>Remarks/Examples: Examples of sources may include, but are not limited to, photographs, birth certificates, report cards, and diaries.</li> </ul>		
LAFS.1.RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.  LAFS.1.RL.2.6 Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.  LAFS.1.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.	SS.1.E.1.1 Recognize that money is a method of exchanging goods and services.  Remarks/Examples: An example is coins/bills versus bartering or trading.  SS.1.E.1.2 Define opportunity costs as giving up one thing for another.  Remarks/Examples: Examples are giving up television to do homework and buying candy versus saving for later purchase.  SS.1.E.1.3 Distinguish between examples of goods and services.		
LAFS.1.SL.2.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	Remarks/Examples: Examples are goods: hamburger; services: sweeping the floor.  SS.1.E.1.4 Distinguish people as buyers, sellers, and producers of goods and services.  SS.1.E.1.5 Recognize the importance of saving money for future purchases.		
LAFS.1.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.  LAFS.1.W.3.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from	<b>SS.1.E.1.6</b> Identify that people need to make choices because of scarce resources. Remarks/Examples: Examples are not enough time to do all activities or not enough red crayons.		
experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.			

Page 33 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

LAFS.1.L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of stand usage when writing or speaking.  LAFS.1.L.1.1.a Print all upper- and lowercase letters.  LAFS.1.L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of stacapitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
	Big	Ideas	
Science		Social Studies	
Things move		Economics	
	Essential Out	come Questions	
Science		Social Studies	
What are pushes and pulls?		How do you use and create a timeline to order	
What ways do objects move?		school, home, or comm	· ·
		What is the difference between goods and services? Why is it important to save money for future purchases?	
Aligned Learning Goals		Resources	Strategies for
Alighed Learning doals		Click for Additional Resources	Differentiation
Phonemic Awareness: isolate medial phoner segment and blend phonemes, change phone create words, rhyming words, remove phone diphthongs: vowel sound in foot: oo, adding end diphthongs: oi, oy; suffixes -er, -or; vowel so ball: aw, au, vowel digraphs and diphthongs un-, re-, long o: o, long i: i  Spelling: words with oo, oi, oy; words with a with prefixes un-, re-  High Frequency Words: among, another, instance, against, goes, heavy, kinds, today, builearn, science, through, answered, carry, diffipoor	mes, iemes, emes dings; und in ; prefixes w; words	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	

Page 34 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

Inf	Craft and Structure	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.  Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.	Reading Street, Unit 5, Weeks 3-6  National Geographic, Physical Science:	
Reading	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	Chapters 1-2 (Pushes and Pulls)	
	Science	<ul> <li>SC.1.P.12.1</li> <li>observe that objects can move in different ways;</li> <li>describe the various ways in which objects can move (e.g., straight line, zigzag, back-and-forth, round-and-round, fast, slow); and</li> <li>demonstrate different types of motion using everyday objects.</li> <li>SC.1.P.13.1</li> <li>observe that motion can be altered by various methods;</li> <li>demonstrate the methods of changing an object's motion (push or pull); and</li> <li>recognize that a force (push or pull) must be applied to change an object's motion.</li> </ul>	National Geographic, Physical Science: Chapters 1-2 (Pushes and Pulls)  SC.1.P.12.1, SC.1.P.13.1  • Marble Roll SC.1.P.12.1, SC.1.P.13.1  • Rolling Marbles  Click HERE for Science Supplemental Materials	SC.1.P.12.1  • Roller Coasters
10:17 Je:100	social studies	SS.1.A.3.1, SS.1.A.3.2 Create and use a timeline to order events that have occurred in school, home, or community. SS.1.E.1.1, SS.1.E.1.2 Understand give examples of goods and services. SS.1.E.1.2, SS.1.E.1.5 Explain the importance of saving money to purchase something at a later date. SS.1.E.1.4 Identify buyers, sellers, and producers.	Smart Center, Needs and Wants  Content Connections Big Book, Using Timelines Needs and Our Wants  CPALMS Looking for Lincoln Throughout His Life	

Page 35 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

		SS.1.E.1.6 Identify that people need to make choices because of limited resources.	Safari Montage, Economics – Saving, Spending and Investing Money - Video  Social Studies Supplemental Materials	
Reading Literature	Key Ideas and Details	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.	Reading Street, Unit 5, Weeks 3-6	
	Craft and Structure	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.		
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.		
	Speaking and Listeriing	Build on others' talk in conversations responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.  Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.  Ask and answer question about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.  Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.  Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	Use RI and RL text selections to include S&L tasks in lesson design	

Page 36 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017

	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.		
	opinion		
	Name the topic or book being written about.		
	Introduce the topic.		
වි	State an opinion.		
Writing	Supply a reason for the opinion.	Florida Standards Writing Guide	
	Provide some sense of closure.		
	Write opinion pieces that introduce the topic or		
	name the book being written about, state an opinion		
	and supply a reason for the opinion, and provide		
	some sense of closure.		
	<u>Conventions</u> : pronouns <i>I</i> and <i>me</i> ; adverbs;		
	prepositions and prepositional phrases		
age	Vocabulary: sort nouns and verbs; use context clues;		
Language	compound words; time and order words	Florida Standards Phonics Handbook	
Lar	Handwriting: (D'Nealian) write sentences; word s		
	Pacing; sentences: word s Suggested Pacing; word s		
	Suggested Pacing		
	May: Asian/Pacific American Heritage & Older		
ory	Americans Month		
Hist(	Asian/Pacific American Heritage observation originally began as Asian/Pacific Heritage week on July 10, 1978. In 1992, President		
nd F	Bush signed legislation designated May as Asian/Pacific American		
e al	Heritage Month. The term Asian/Pacific American includes many		
itag Ob:	ethnic groups with diverse cultures. The month celebrates the collective achievements of the many different communities.		
Annual Heritage and History Month Observance	·		
Mo	Older Americans Month was established by presidential proclamation to honor the contributions of older Americans to		
- Jun	society. Begun in 1962, Older Americans Month is a time to		
	celebrate and reflect on the unique contributions of older		
	Americans in our society.		

Click to go back to the Curriculum Overview (page 1)

Page 37 of 37 Updated: August 2, 2017